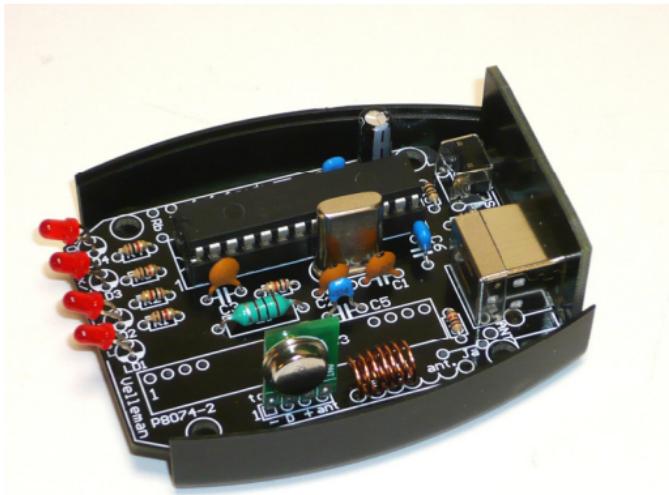


Total solder points: 107

Difficulty level: beginner 1  2  3  4  5  advanced



## USB to RF remote control transmitter



**K8074**

Turn your computer into a powerful  
remote control

The transmitter works together with our K8056 card, equipped with an RX433N receiver module. Also our K8070 / VM119 one channel receiver can be used. In total a combination of 255 cards can be addressed, resulting in a maximum of 2040 channels !!

Drivers and example software can be downloaded from our web site.  
A DLL is provided to create your own application.

### Specifications:

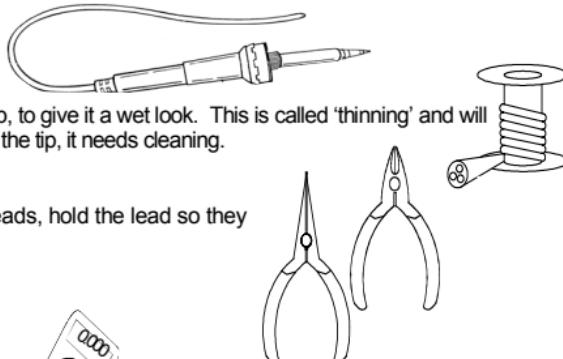
- USB1.1 or 2.0 port compliant
- up to 30m (depends on environment)
- works with K8056 (+RX433N), K8070 / VM119, VM151, ...
- RF transmit indicator LED
- power LED
- USB port function LED's
- 255 selectable addresses
- transmit—test button
- 433MHz transmitter
- R&TTE compliant design
- power supply: USB
- dimensions: 80x55x35mm / 3,14x2,16x1,37"

## 1. Assembly (Skipping this can lead to troubles !)

Ok, so we have your attention. These hints will help you to make this project successful. Read them carefully.

### 1.1 Make sure you have the right tools:

- A good quality soldering iron (25-40W) with a small tip.
- Wipe it often on a wet sponge or cloth, to keep it clean; then apply solder to the tip, to give it a wet look. This is called 'thinning' and will protect the tip, and enables you to make good connections. When solder rolls off the tip, it needs cleaning.
- Thin raisin-core solder. Do not use any flux or grease.
- A diagonal cutter to trim excess wires. To avoid injury when cutting excess leads, hold the lead so they cannot fly towards the eyes.
- Needle nose pliers, for bending leads, or to hold components in place.
- Small blade and Phillips screwdrivers. A basic range is fine.



 For some projects, a basic multi-meter is required, or might be handy



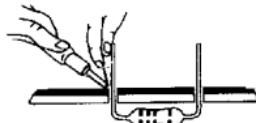
### 1.2 Assembly Hints :

- ⇒ Make sure the skill level matches your experience, to avoid disappointments.
- ⇒ Follow the instructions carefully. Read and understand the entire step before you perform each operation.
- ⇒ Perform the assembly in the correct order as stated in this manual
- ⇒ Position all parts on the PCB (Printed Circuit Board) as shown on the drawings.
- ⇒ Values on the circuit diagram are subject to changes.
- ⇒ Values in this assembly guide are correct\*
- ⇒ Use the check-boxes to mark your progress.
- ⇒ Please read the included information on safety and customer service

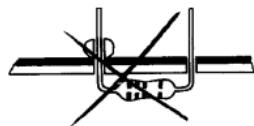
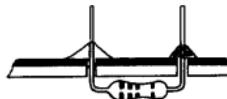
\* Typographical inaccuracies excluded. Always look for possible last minute manual updates, indicated as 'NOTE' on a separate leaflet.

**1.3 Soldering Hints :**

1- Mount the component against the PCB surface and carefully solder the leads



2- Make sure the solder joints are cone-shaped and shiny

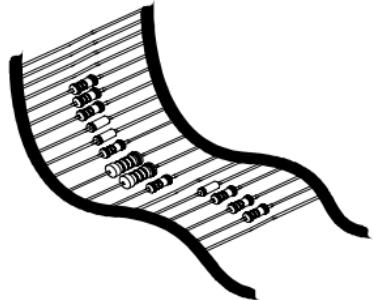


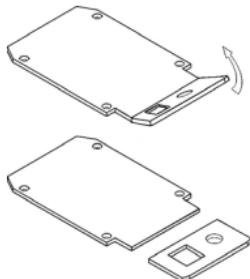
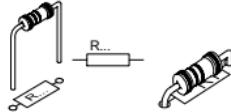
3- Trim excess leads as close as possible to the solder joint



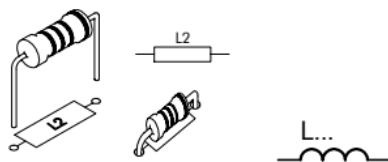
**REMOVE THEM FROM THE TAPE ONE AT A TIME !**

**AXIAL COMPONENTS ARE TAPED IN THE  
CORRECT MOUNTING SEQUENCE !**

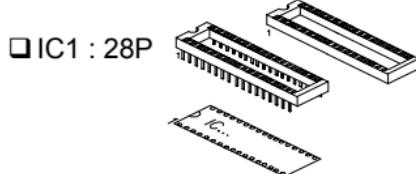


**Break the PCB into 2 pieces****1. Resistors**

- R1 : 1K (1 - 0 - 2 - B)
- R2 : 1K (1 - 0 - 2 - B)
- R3 : 1K (1 - 0 - 2 - B)
- R4 : 1K (1 - 0 - 2 - B)
- R5 : 10K (1 - 0 - 3 - B)
- R6 : 10 (1 - 0 - 0 - B)
- R7 : 10 (1 - 0 - 0 - B)
- R8 : 10 (1 - 0 - 0 - B)
- R9 : 1K (1 - 0 - 2 - B)

**2. Coil**

- L1 : 100 $\mu$ H (1 - 0 - 1 - A)

**3. IC socket, Watch the position of the notch!**

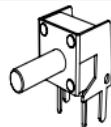
- IC1 : 28P

**4. Capacitors**

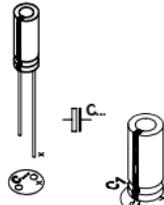
- C1 : 22pF (22)
- C2 : 22pF (22)
- C3 : 10nF (103)
- C4 : 100nF (104)
- C5 : 100nF (104)
- C6 : 220nF (224)

**5. Push button**

- SW1 : Test

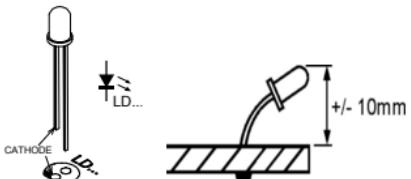
**6. Electrolytic Capacitor. Watch the polarity !**

- C7 : 4,7 $\mu$ F

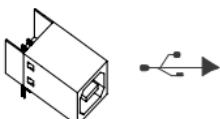


**7. LEDs. Watch the polarity!**

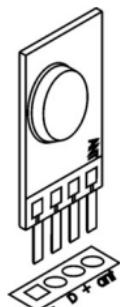
- LD1 : 3mm RED 'USB'
- LD2 : 3mm RED 'USB'
- LD3 : 3mm RED 'RX/TX'
- LD4 : 3mm RED 'ON'



Mount the LEDs vertically and bend so they will be visible through the window in the housing.

**8. USB connector**

- SK1

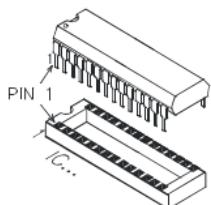
**9. Quartz crystal****10. Transmitter module**

- TX433

The "ANT" connection will match the markings on the PCB. Refer to the illustration or package.

**11. IC, watch the position of the notch!**

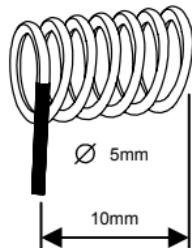
- IC1 : VK8074  
programmed PIC18F2450-I/SP



**IMPORTANT :** Apply an extra layer of solder on all copper PCB tracks.

**For use with VM151 mount a jumper wire for SK2.**

## 12. ASSEMBLING THE ANTENNA



### IMPORTANT:

Construct the antenna coil as described to make sure it complies with the effective R&TTE directive.

Wind the antenna using the included copper wire.

Remove the lacquer from one side of the wire with a knife so the solder will hold.

Wind the antenna using a Ø 5mm drill bit (NOT 4mm or 6mm).

Make 7 windings and elongate until the antenna is 10mm long (*see fig. and picture on the packaging*).

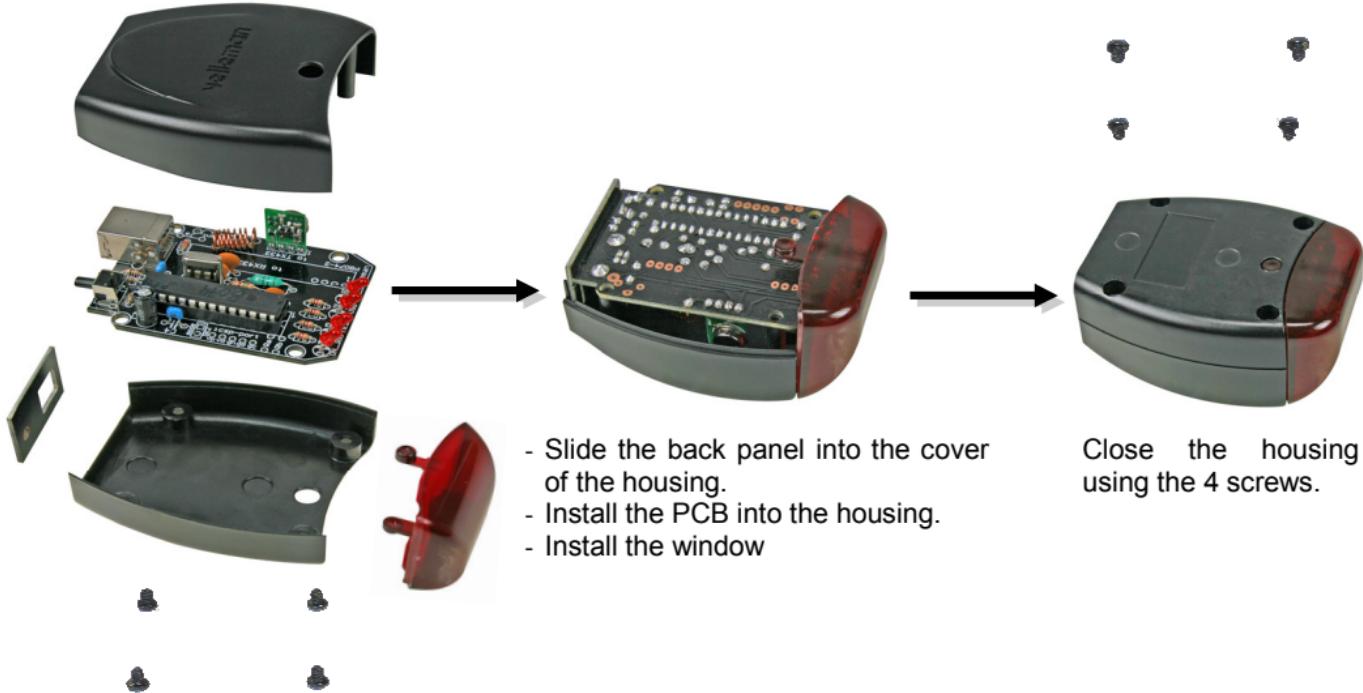
Solder the coil in place.

## 13. TEST

Refer to the user manual \*

\* Download the user manual from [www.vellemanprojects.com](http://www.vellemanprojects.com)

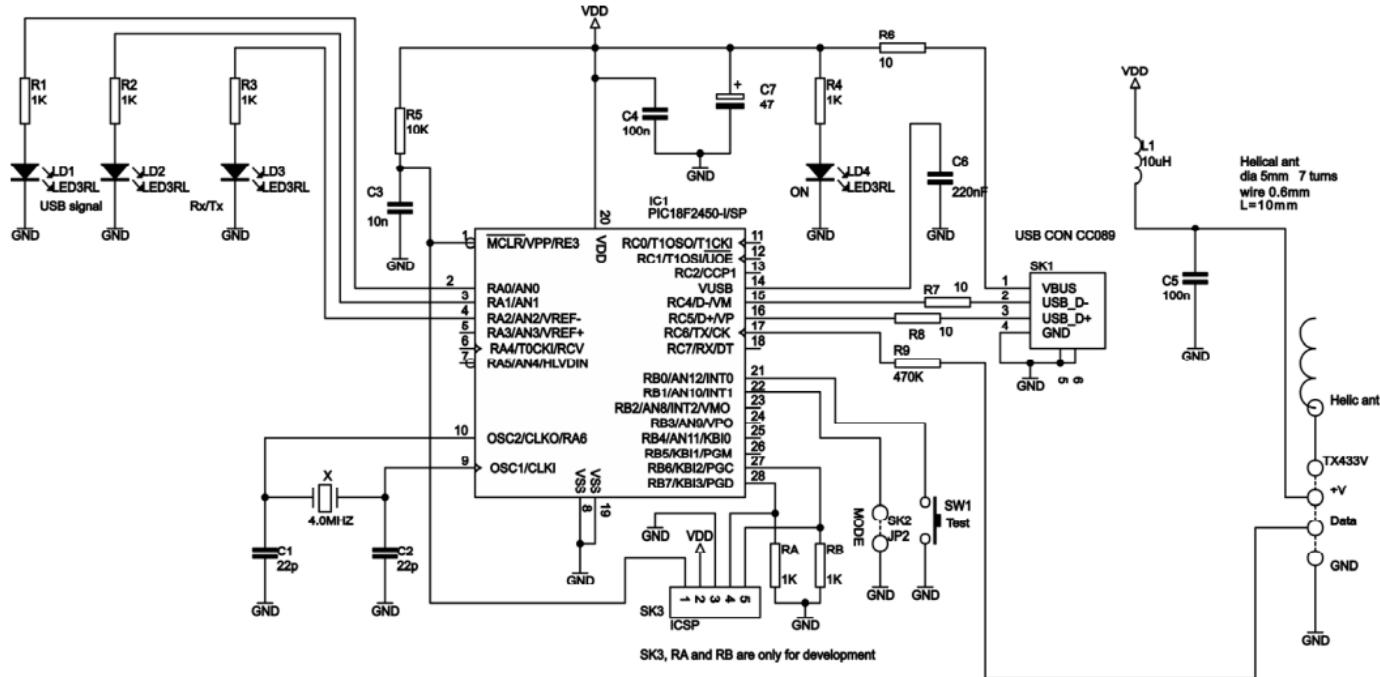
## 14. Assembly



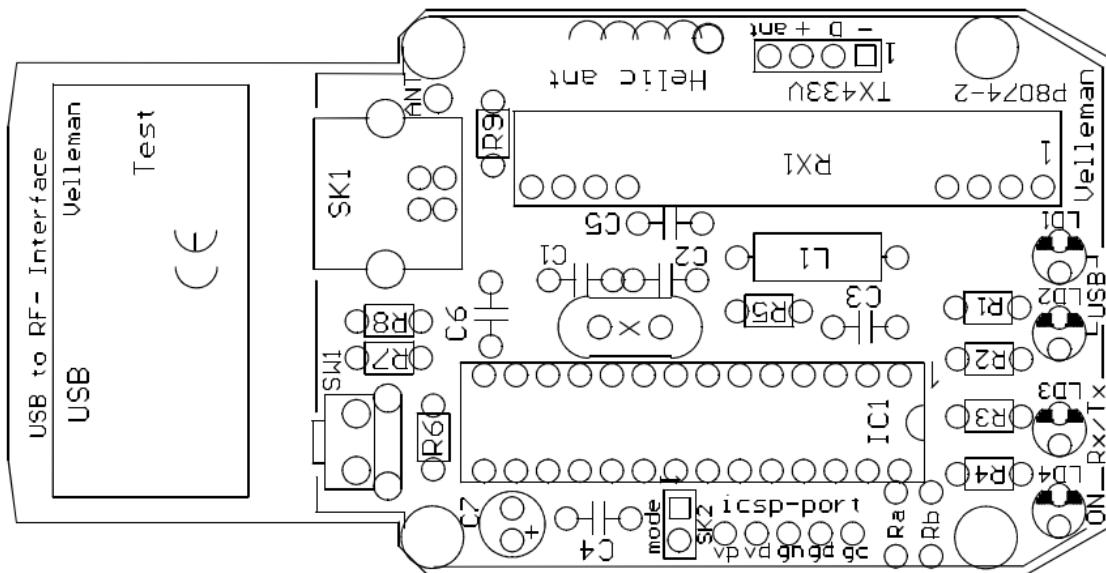
- Slide the back panel into the cover of the housing.
- Install the PCB into the housing.
- Install the window

Close the housing using the 4 screws.

## Schematic diagram.



## PCB





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